FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2016 and 2015

# CONTENTS

	Page(s)
Independent Auditors' Report	1
Statements of Financial Position	2
Statements of Activities and Changes in Net Assets	3
Statements of Cash Flows	4
Notes to Financial Statements	5–14



**Phone** (415) 421-5757 **Fax** (415) 288-6288

Email bpm@bpmcpa.com

Web bpmcpa.com

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors of the Evelyn and Walter Haas, Jr. Fund San Francisco, California

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Evelyn and Walter Haas, Jr. Fund, which comprise the statements of financial position as of December 31, 2016 and 2015, and the related statements of activities and changes in net assets, and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Evelyn and Walter Haas, Jr. Fund as of December 31, 2016 and 2015, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

San Francisco, California September 6, 2017

# STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

December 31, 2016 and 2015

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	2016	2015
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 187,810	\$ 1,289,145
Investments, at fair value	456,357,223	459,931,049
Deferred compensation plans	1,314,488	1,120,364
Prepaid federal excise tax and other assets	362,387	239,464
Property and equipment, net	1,083,662	1,205,808
Total assets	\$ 459,305,570	\$ 463,785,830
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS		
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable and other accrued expenses	\$ 550,853	\$ 610,814
Grants payable, net	12,978,290	6,163,926
Deferred compensation plans	1,314,488	1,120,364
Deferred federal excise tax	358,102	748,384
Deferred lease incentive	312,102	388,535
Total liabilities	15,513,835	9,032,023
Net assets - unrestricted	443,791,735	454,753,807
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 459,305,570	\$ 463,785,830

# STATEMENTS OF ACTIVITIES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

For the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015

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	2016	2015
Net investment income:		
Dividends, interest, and other	\$ 8,211,823	\$ 1,906,089
Net realized and unrealized gains on investments	18,670,920	12,657,074
Investment related expenses	(19,642)	(163,825)
Net investment income before federal excise tax	26,863,101	14,399,338
Federal excise tax expense	(151,732)	(446,815)
Net investment income	26,711,369	13,952,523
Expenditures:		
Grants	30,185,864	22,503,782
Direct charitable activities	864,432	830,285
Grant management	6,623,145	5,927,620
Total expenditures	37,673,441	29,261,687
Change in net assets	(10,962,072)	(15,309,164)
Net assets - unrestricted:		
Beginning of year	454,753,807	470,062,971
End of year	\$ 443,791,735	\$ 454,753,807

# STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

For the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015

	2016	2015
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Change in net assets - unrestricted	\$ (10,962,072)	\$ (15,309,164)
Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets - unrestricted	" ( ) , ,	" ( ) , ,
to net cash used in operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	294,484	275,128
Deferred lease incentive amortization	(76,433)	(76,433)
Loss on disposal of property and equipment	-	785
Net realized and unrealized gains on investments	(18,670,920)	(12,657,074)
Deferred federal excise (benefit) tax	(390,282)	60,620
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:	, , ,	•
Interest receivable	40	155,122
Prepaid excise tax and other assets	(122,923)	(152,074)
Accounts payable and other accrued	(59,961)	207,143
Grants payable, net	6,814,364	(6,838,089)
Net cash used in operating activities	(23,173,703)	(34,334,036)
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Proceeds from sales of investments	40,875,557	67,700,862
Purchases of investments	(11,309,287)	(34,094,051)
Change in net receivable/payable on unsettled investment		
transactions	(7,321,565)	1,903,351
Purchases of property and equipment	(172,337)	(69,175)
Net cash provided by investing activities	22,072,368	35,440,987
(Decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	(1,101,335)	1,106,951
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	1,289,145	182,194
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 187,810	\$ 1,289,145
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:		
Cash paid for interest	\$ 8,373	\$ -
Cash paid for taxes	\$ 622,343	\$ 255,000
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#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2016 and 2015

### 1. Organization

The Evelyn and Walter Haas, Jr. Fund (the "Fund") is a private family foundation that has awarded more than \$550 million in grants since its founding in 1953. Located in San Francisco, California, the Fund works at the local, state, and national levels to fulfill its founders' vision of a just and caring society that provides fundamental rights and opportunities for all people. The Fund's current grantmaking is aimed at ensuring that all people—including immigrants, gays and lesbians, people of color, children and youth—are able to achieve their full potential in our communities, our economy, and our society.

#### 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### Basis of Accounting and Presentation

The financial statements of the Fund have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America applicable to not-for-profit organizations.

Net assets, revenues, expenses, gains and losses are classified based on the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions. Unrestricted net assets are those that are neither temporarily restricted nor permanently restricted by donor-imposed stipulations. There are no temporarily or permanently restricted net assets as of December 31, 2016 and 2015.

### Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and short-term investments with maturities of three months or less at the date of purchase.

#### Investments

Investments are stated at fair value. Gains or losses that result from market fluctuations are recognized in the period such fluctuations occur. Realized gains or losses that result from sales or maturities of investments are calculated on an adjusted cost basis. Dividend and interest income are accrued when earned.

Investment transactions are recorded on a trade-date basis. Receivables or payables from unsettled investment transactions represents cash received subsequent to year-end for sales or purchases of investments consummated prior to year-end.

Prior to 2016, the Fund held investments in various limited partnerships, such as private equity, hedge funds, multi-strategy funds, and real estate partnerships, which included securities of companies that are neither immediately liquid nor marketable.

On January 1, 2016, the Fund created HJF Investments Holdings, LP, ("HJF") to contain all of its investments, giving an investment management company the power to act as an Outsourced Chief Investment Officer ("OCIO"). HJF is structured as a partnership, with the OCIO as a fiduciary and sole general partner and the Fund as the sole limited partner. All investments, excluding cash equivalents and liquid markets, were transferred at January 1, 2016.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2016 and 2015

### 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

#### *Investments*, continued

The Fund continues to hold investments in a liquid markets fund with the OCIO that invests primarily in relatively liquid securities and financial instruments with a long-term horizon in an effort to provide a diversified, single portfolio investment strategy, and is reported at net asset value ("NAV").

Since there is no readily available market for investments in limited partnerships, such investments are valued at amounts reported to the Fund by the general partner based upon guidelines established by the general partner. Further, management reviews the annual forms K-1 and audited financial statements for the partnerships, reviews the OCIO's valuation policy, meets periodically with the OCIO management team, and reviews performance with its investment consultants. Management believes this method provides a reasonable estimate of fair value. These values may differ significantly from the values that would have been used had a ready market for the securities existed, and the differences could be material.

#### Property and Equipment

Office furniture and equipment and computer equipment are stated at cost and depreciated using the straightline method over the estimated useful lives of 3 to 10 years. Leasehold improvements are amortized over the lesser of the asset's useful life or the lease term.

#### Grants

Grants are expensed when the unconditional promise to give is approved by the Board of Directors or management in certain cases. Conditional grants are recognized as grant expense in the period in which the recipient meets the terms of the condition. Additionally, many conditional grants are expensed when, in management's opinion, the likelihood of grant recipients failing to meet the condition is considered remote.

Conditional grants include grants with matching requirements or other requirements, such as for a newly formed organization to successfully establish its 501(c)(3) status before the grant becomes unconditional. All multiyear grants are subject to staff review and approval of current year programmatic and financial reports before payments are released, but do not necessarily create a conditional grant. As of December 31, 2016 and 2015, conditional grants payable were \$1,291,000 and \$2,149,000, respectively, and related primarily to matching requirements.

Grant expenses are recorded net of any grant refunds that are received in the year they were paid. If the refunds are received in a subsequent year, they are considered grant recoveries and are recorded as other income. Grants due in future years are discounted using rates effective at the time the grants were awarded, ranging from 0.85% to 2.09% for 2016 and 0.65% to 1.76% for 2015.

#### Deferred Lease Incentive

Reimbursements from the landlord for leasehold improvement expenditures incurred by the Fund are recorded as a deferred lease incentive liability and amortized over the lease term on a straight-line basis.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2016 and 2015

# 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

#### Functional Expense Allocations

Expenses, such as program staff compensation and activities, are allocated among direct charitable activities and grant management classifications on the basis of activity based estimates made by the Fund's management. Direct charitable activities are efforts by Fund staff above and beyond normal grant oversight, such as providing technical assistance to nonprofit organizations, consulting with nonprofit leaders on major initiatives, advising wealthy individuals on expanding their philanthropy, serving on nonprofit boards, and convening meetings between nonprofit leaders and grantmakers. Grant management includes the expenses other than grants and investment expenses that relate to the Fund's operations.

#### Concentration of Credit Risk

Financial instruments, which potentially subject the Fund to credit risk, consist primarily of cash, cash equivalents, and investments. The Fund maintains cash and cash equivalents with one major financial institution. At times, such amounts may exceed Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. As of the fiscal year 2015, the Fund's investments have been placed with major counterparties, with the majority of investments held at two institutions with a diversified portfolio of investments. As of the fiscal year 2016, the Fund's investments have been placed with one major counterparty with a diversified portfolio of investments. The Fund closely monitors these investments and has not experienced any credit losses.

### Tax Exempt Status

The Fund is a private foundation and is exempt from federal income taxes under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code ("IRC") and from California franchise and/or income taxes under Section 23701(d) of the Revenue and Taxation Code. The Fund is subject to federal excise taxes as well as federal and state unrelated business income tax.

Private foundations are liable for an excise tax of 2% (1% if minimum payout requirements prescribed by the IRC are met) on net investment income, excluding unrealized gains. The Fund paid 2% in 2016 and 1% in 2015. Deferred excise taxes arise primarily from unrealized tax basis gains on investments and are calculated at the effective rate expected to be paid by the Fund, which is generally 1% in most years.

The Fund recognizes and measures its unrecognized tax benefits in accordance with ASC 740-10, which requires the Fund to determine whether tax positions of the Fund are "more likely than not" to be sustained upon examination by the applicable taxing authority based of the technical merits of the positions. As of December 31, 2016 and 2015, the Fund has analyzed its positions taken with respect to all applicable income tax issues for all open tax years and has concluded that no reserve for uncertain tax position is required.

#### Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions. These estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2016 and 2015

### 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

#### Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In May 2015, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2015-07, Fair Value Measurements: Disclosures for Investments in Certain Entities that Calculate Net Asset Value per Share (or its equivalent). The amendment removes the requirement to categorize within the fair value hierarchy all investments for which fair value is measured using the NAV per share practical expedient. For nonpublic entities, the new guidance is effective for interim and annual reporting periods that begin after December 15, 2016, with early adoption permitted. The Fund elected to early adopt ASU 2015-07 for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2014 (see Note 3).

In February 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-02, Consolidation (Topic 810) Amendments to the Consolidation Analysis. This ASU is intended to improve targeted areas of consolidation guidance for legal entities such as limited partnerships, limited liability corporations, and securitization structures. The ASU focuses on the consolidation evaluation for reporting organizations that are required to evaluate whether they should consolidate certain legal entities. Nonpublic business entities should apply the amendments for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2016, with early adoption permitted. The Fund elected to early adopt ASU 2015-02 for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2016.

In January 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-01, Financial Instruments-Overall (Subtopic 825-10) Recognition and Measurement of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities. This ASU, among other things, eliminated the requirement to disclose the fair value of financial instruments measured at amortized cost for entities that are not public business entities. Nonpublic business entities should apply the amendments for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2016, with early adoption permitted. The Fund elected to early adopt ASU 2016-01 for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2016.

In January 2017, the FASB issued ASU 2017-02, Not-for-Profit Entities-Consolidation (Subtopic 958-810) Clarifying When a Not-for-Profit Entity That Is a General Partner or a Limited Partner Should Consolidate a For-Profit Limited Partnership or Similar Entity. This ASU is intended to clarify consolidation guidance that was modified as a result of ASU 2015-02 for non-profit entities who are general partners in limited partnerships or similar legal entities and also added guidance for when non-profit entities who are limited partners should consolidate a for-profit limited partnership. Nonpublic business entities should apply the amendments for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2016, with early adoption permitted, with concurrent adoption of ASU 2015-02. The Fund elected to early adopt ASU 2015-07 for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2016.

As a result of adopting the aforementioned standards, the Fund has elected to not consolidate their wholly owned interest in HJF and report that interest at fair value in accordance with relevant investment accounting standards.

#### Reclassifications

Certain reclassifications have been made to the 2015 financial statements in order to conform to the current fiscal year presentation.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2016 and 2015

#### 3. Investments and Fair Value Measurements

The Fund follows the fair value measurement standards, which define fair value, establish a framework used to measure fair value, and require certain disclosures about fair value measurements. The standards prioritize, within the measurement of fair value, the use of market-based information over entity-specific information and established a three-level hierarchy for fair value measurements based on the transparency of information, such as pricing source, used in the valuation of an asset or liability as of the measurement date.

Investments measured and reported at fair value are classified and disclosed in one of the following categories:

Level 1 – Quoted prices are available in active markets for identical investments as of the reporting date, without adjustment. This category includes active exchange traded money market funds, actively managed fixed income, and equity securities whose values are based on quoted market prices.

Level 2 – Pricing inputs, including broker quotes, are generally those other than exchange quoted prices in active markets, which are either directly or indirectly observable as of the reporting date, and fair value is determined through the use of models or other valuation methodologies.

Level 3 – Pricing inputs are unobservable and include situations where there is little, if any, market activity for the investment.

The Fund follows the guidance for investments in certain entities that calculate NAV per share that permits, as a practical expedient, a reporting entity to measure the fair value of an investment, within its scope, on the basis of the NAV per share of the investment if the NAV of the investment is calculated in a manner consistent with the measurement principles of accounting for investment companies as of the reporting entity's measurement date. As a result of early adoption of ASU 2015-07, these investments are not categorized within the fair value hierarchy (see Note 2).

The following table summarizes the valuation of the Fund's investments measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of December 31, 2016 and 2015:

Fair Value Measurements at December 31, 2016		
Assets:		
Investments:		
Investments measured using NAV:		
Multi-strategy - liquid markets	\$ 21,377,063	
Multi-strategy	405,717,001	
Investments, at fair value	427,094,064	
Net receivable on unsettled investment transactions	29,263,159	
Total investments	\$ 456,357,223	

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2016 and 2015

### 3. Investments and Fair Value Measurements, continued

Fair Value Measurements at December 31, 2015

Tail Value Weastrements at December 31, 2013			
Assets:			
Investments:			
Cash equivalents - money markets (Level 1)	\$	84,244	
Investments measured using NAV:			
Multi-strategy - liquid markets	2	5,840,175	
Commodity funds		1,075,438	
Real estate funds		6,326,954	
Private equity funds	49,225,801		
Multi Strategy - in phase out	7	4,445,382	
Multi-strategy - endowment style	28	0,991,421	
Investments, at fair value	43	7,989,415	
Interest receivable		40	
Net receivable on unsettled investment transactions	2	1,941,594	
Total investments	\$ 45	9,931,049	

The Fund uses the NAV to determine the fair value of all the underlying investments which (a) do not have a readily determinable fair value and (b) prepare their financial statements consistent with the measurement principles of an investment company or have the attributes of an investment company. The following table lists investments in other investment companies (in partnership format) by major category as of December 31, 2016:

	Strategy	NAV in Funds	Redemption Notice Period	Redemption Restrictions
Assets:				
Multi-strategy - liquid markets	Public and private investments across all asset classes	\$ 21,377,063	30 days	None
Multi-strategy - endowment style	Public and private investments across all asset classes	405,717,001	(a)	(a)
Total investments valued at NAV		\$ 427,094,064		

(a) These assets are held within HJF in an endowment-style investment program specifically tailored for the Fund. HJF invests in a pooled investment fund managed by the OCIO (70% of HJF), in the Fund's own legacy portfolio of investments managed by unaffiliated third parties and with different investment strategies (27%), and in liquid securities (3%). Distributions from HJF are at the sole discretion of the General Partner. The Fund has the right to request redemption of 7% of assets of the OCIO pooled fund annually with 120-days' notice prior to year-end. The liquid securities can be redeemed with 30 days' notice. There is no redemption option on the underlying legacy funds; distributions will occur as funds are available.

The assets may only be redeemed in full upon dissolution of HJF. The Fund may remove the general partner for any reason with 30 days prior written notice. Upon dissolution of HJF, assets would be liquidated in an orderly manner.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2016 and 2015

### 3. Investments and Fair Value Measurements, continued

The underlying assets of HJF have additional redemption restrictions and limits on the timing of liquidation. A liquidity evaluation of the HJF portfolio estimates that thirty percent (30%) of the assets could be liquidated within 90 days, an additional eight percent (8%) by the end of one year, and an additional four percent (4%) by the end of three years. Greater than 50% of the portfolio would not be liquid for greater than three years.

### 4. Property and Equipment

Property and equipment as of December 31, 2016 and 2015, consisted of the following:

	2016	2015
Office furniture and equipment Leasehold improvements Computer equipment	\$ 1,277,400 1,914,078 259,081	\$ 1,218,546 1,885,693 190,900
Total Accumulated depreciation and amortization	3,450,559 (2,366,897)	3,295,139 (2,089,331)
Property and equipment, net	\$ 1,083,662	\$ 1,205,808

Depreciation and amortization expense was \$294,484 and \$275,128 for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

### 5. Grants Payable

Grants payable scheduled to be disbursed as of December 31, 2016, were as follows:

2017	\$ 6,802,966
2018	1,705,000
2019	2,210,000
2020	1,200,000
2021	1,150,000
2022	333,334
Total	13,401,300
Less discounts on multi-year grants	(423,010)
Grants payable, net	\$ 12,978,290

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2016 and 2015

### 5. Grants Payable, continued

The Fund has made the following conditional grants that are scheduled to be disbursed as follows and are not recognized in the accompanying financial statements until the condition has been met, in accordance with the grant policy:

Year ending December 31:	
2017	\$ 1,142,000
2018	 149,000
Conditional grants payable	\$ 1,291,000

#### 6. Summary of Fund Operations since Inception

Contributions to the Fund Increase in net assets, before deduction of grants	\$ 147,406,661 854,975,032
Total  Less grant expenditures, including grants payable	1,002,381,693 (558,589,958)
Net assets - unrestricted, December 31, 2016	\$ 443,791,735

#### 7. Excise and Income Taxes

The provision for current and deferred federal excise taxes for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015, was as follows:

	 2016		2015	
Current Deferred	\$ 542,014 (390,282)	\$	386,195 60,620	
Total	\$ 151,732	\$	446,815	

The IRC requires that certain minimum distributions be made in accordance with a specified formula. As of December 31, 2016 and 2015, the Fund had made the required minimum distribution.

The Fund's investment activities generated unrelated business losses for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015, respectively, which have resulted in net operating loss carryforwards available to offset income in future years.

If taxes are due, current federal excise taxes payable and federal and state unrelated business income taxes payable are included in accounts payable and accrued expenses on the statement of financial position. If a refund is due, these amounts are included in prepaid taxes and other assets on the statement of financial position. The effective tax rate differs from the statutory rates due to prior-year true-ups. As of December 31, 2016 and 2015, the Fund had prepaid taxes of \$264,792 and \$184,464, respectively.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2016 and 2015

#### 8. Retirement Plan

The Fund has a contributory money purchase pension plan covering all eligible employees. There are no past service costs under the plan. The Fund contributes 15% of the participants' compensation. The total pension cost was \$482,280 and \$443,549 for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015, respectively. The Fund also has SERP and 457(b) plans that are limited to executives within the Fund. The Fund contributes annually to these plans based on their respective plan agreements. The assets for both plans are held in trust by the Fund.

#### 9. Line of Credit

The Fund has a \$3 million unsecured line of credit ("Line") available from a major commercial bank. The Line bears interest on the outstanding portion at rates selected by the Fund based on Prime, London Interbank Offered Rate, or Bank Offered, all as defined. The Fund had no outstanding balances as of the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015. Interest expense under the line was \$8,373 for the year ended December 31, 2016. The Fund incurred no interest expense for the year ended December 31, 2015.

#### 10. Lease Commitments and Deferred Lease Incentives

The Fund leases its office facilities located at 114 Sansome Street under a noncancelable operating lease for a tenyear period with the option to extend for two additional five-year periods. Additionally, the Fund received \$764,331 in tenant improvement allowances once construction was completed and certain contingencies were removed.

On December 15, 2016, the Fund entered into a second office lease at 86 Graham Street in the Presidio with a start date of January 15, 2017. The lease term is for a five-year period, with an option to renew for an additional five-year period.

Each lease includes annual escalation factors to reflect inflation. The difference between the rent due under the stated period of each lease compared to that of its straight-line basis is recorded as deferred rent within accounts payable and other accrued expenses in the statement of financial position.

Future minimum lease commitments under the two office leases are as follows:

	 Total	
Year ending December 31:		
2017	\$ 663,878	
2018	690,088	
2019	716,340	
2020	742,645	
2021	192,791	
Thereafter	 -	
	\$ 3,005,742	

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2016 and 2015

11. Subsequent Events

The Fund evaluated subsequent events for recognition and disclosure through September 6, 2017, the date which these financial statements were available to be issued. Management concluded that no material subsequent events have occurred since December 31, 2016 that required recognition or disclosure in such financial statements.